## VISUALIZATIONS OF UNCERTAINTY IN PROJECTIONS

DR. JAMES GRAHAM \& CHRIS MUHL • HUMBOLDT STATE UNIVERSITY • DEPARTMENT OF GEOSPATIAL ANALYSIS


Dr. Jim Graham and Chris Muhl Humboldt State University, 2014

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## The Need

- Error varies greatly between projections and their settings
- Computing error in projections can be timeconsuming
- Projections can be difficult for students to appreciate


## VISUALIZATIONS OF UNCERTAINTY IN PROJECTIONS

- Projections greatly distort area, distance, and/or shape (form)

Mercator 0 to 50 area and distance distortion


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- The nature of distortion can be difficult to describe in text

Oblique Mercator 0 to 10 area and distance distortion

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## Clipping bounds are also needed

Cassini
Soldner
Projection


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Previously, to Compute Area Distortion

- Create "Fishnet" of polygons
- Project to equal-area projection
- Compute "Exact" areas
- Project to desired projection
- Compute projected areas
- Divide the exact by projected area values
$-<1$ : area was made much smaller than expected
- > I: area was made larger than expected


## VISUALIZATIONS OF UNCERTAINTY IN PROJECTIONS

## Today:

- Selection


## projection

- Enter desired settings
- Press "Update"
- "OK" to add layers




## Projection Settings

Projector: Geotools Projector
Method: Albers Conic Equal Area

| Longitude Of Origin | 0 | ${ }^{\circ}(-180.0$ to 180.0) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Latitude Of Origin | 0 | ${ }^{\circ}(-90.0$ to 90.0$)$ |
| Standard Parallel 1 | 60 | ${ }^{\circ}(-90.0$ to 90.0$)$ |
| False Easting | 0 | m (0.0 to 2.0E7) |
| False Northing | 0 | m (0.0 to 2.0E7) |

## Clipping Settings


Show: $\sqrt[\nabla]{ }$ Parallels $\sqrt{ }$ Meridians $\bar{\nabla}$ Areas $\Gamma$ Angles $\nabla$ Bounds $\nabla$ Countries


## VISUALIZATIONS OF UNCERTAINTY IN PROJECTIONS

## Albers Equal Area Conic

Preserves Area and Form


Distorts Distance


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## VISUALIZATIONS OF UNCERTAINTY IN PROJECTIONS

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## The Approach

- BlueSpray
- Created by SchoonerTurtles, Inc.
- Provided free under a beta testing agreement
- GDAL, GeoTools
- Open source projection engines
- Also:
- Java from Oracle
- Java Topology Suite
- NetBeans
- Create grid of points along lines of latitude and longitude (parallels and meridians)



## VISUALIZATIONS OF UNCERTAINTY IN PROJECTIONS

- Compute:
- Great circle area
- Great circle distances (along meridians and parallels)
- Angles are at intersections are 90 degrees except for the poles



## VISUALIZATIONS OF UNCERTAINTY IN PROJECTIONS

- Project the grid of points to desired projection



## VISUALIZATIONS OF UNCERTAINTY IN PROJECTIONS

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- Compute area of "cells" between points
- Divide by expected area
- Compute the length of each line segment
- Divide by expected length



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- Compute the average change in angle at each point
- Sum the angle between all the line segments at each point
- Divide by the number of angles to find the average angle
- Divide by expected value of 90 dgreees


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## Finding the bounds

- Start at the center $(0,0)$
- Moving left and right two cells then up and down one cell:
- Add cells that are within the specified tolerances
- Check for overlapping points
- Check for intersecting lines


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## Adding "Cells"



Assumed the first four cells were within tolerances

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## Adding "Cells"

| 1 |  |  | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 |  |  | 4 |

Add cells to left and right that are within tolerance

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## Adding "Cells"

| 5 | 1 |  |  | 3 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 2 |  |  | 4 | 8 |

Add additional cells to the left and right since the world is twice as wide as it is call (with Geographic data)

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## Adding "Cells"

| 11 | 10 | 9 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | 1 |  |  | 3 | 7 |
| 6 | 2 |  |  | 4 | 8 |
| 17 | 16 | 15 | 18 | 19 | 20 |

Add cells along the top and bottom.
Keep repeating the cycle until no more cells are added

## VISUALIZATIONS OF UNCERTAINTY IN PROJECTIONS

## Disallow Intersections and Overlaps



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## Limit Distortion



0 to $2 x$ on area and distance

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## Details

- Accessing vector data from an applet - Used BlueSprays "stx" format
- Java Topology Suite is very picky
- Projected Systems can extend beyond +-I80 to +-90 degrees
- Used a $360 * 3$, $180 * 3$ sized grid for analysis




## Available At:

- Applet:
- HSU Geospatial Web Site
- www.humboldt.edu/gsp -> Links
- BlueSpray:
- SchoonerTurtles web site:
- www.schoonerturtles.com


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## Future Steps

- Add the ability to project from any layer - Not just the globe
- Finish projection engine within BlueSpray
- Uses the Projection Explorer to set the bounds


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- Greg Newman at Colorado State University
- All the folks that support open source GIS software: GDAL, GeoTools, Proj4, JTS, NetBeans, etc.



## Projection Settings

Projector: Geotools Projector
Method: Lambert Azimuthal Equal Area


## Projected View

Show: $\sqrt{ }$ Parallels $\nabla$ Meridians $\nabla$ Areas $\nabla$ Angles $\nabla$ Bounds $\bar{V}$ Countries


